Commonly Confused Snake Species of Southeastern Kentucky





Facial Pit

<u>Copperhead</u>

Agkistrodon contortrix

- *Adults range from 24 to 36 inches long.
- *The young have yellow-tipped tails.
- *Often found in wooded areas, rocky hillsides, abandoned wood piles or rotting logs, and low-lying areas near streams.
- *Especially active in the fall.
- *Most likely encountered by hikers.
- *Most recognizeable for their distinct reddishbrown color, hourglass-shaped bands, and their distinctly triangular, copper-colored
- *Eyes have elliptical pupils (cat-like).

The Northern Water Snake and the Eastern Milk Snake are commonly confused for Copperheads in Kentucky. As a result of this mistaken identity, these two harmless and very beneficial snakes are often targeted and killed. Despite the many Kentuckians who think they know the difference, 30 years of phone calls to our office from customers claiming to have Copperheads has proven very much untrue. Education is key and uneducated individuals will confuse these three snakes, misidentify them and kill the harmless ones in their uneducated quest to reduce Copperheads. Don't be that Kentuckian; educate yourself!



Eastern Milk Snake

Lampropeltis triangulum

- *Adults range from 24 to 36 inches long. *Often found in fields, rocky areas, and forests.
- *Most recognizeable by a Y or V on top of its head (in this picture it's a V that resembles a heart-shape), and a tapered tail. Usually has bans of red/brown/black covering the body with a black and white-checkered underbelly.
- *Eyes have round pupils.





Northern Water Snake

Nerodia sipedon

- *Adults range from 24 to 42 inches long.
- *Found in or near freshwater.
- *Most recognizeable by dark bands down the slendor body, and the narrow head. Colors can range from brown, reddish, gray, or even black.
- *Eyes have round pupils.





Facial Pit

Timber Rattlesnake

Crotatus horridus

- *Adults range from 36 to 54 inches long (some reports of longer).
- *Found in wooded areas, deciduous forests, and areas of rough terrain.
- *Most likely encountered by hikers.
- *Most recognizeable for their rattle, a triangular-shaped head, and their unussualy thicker bodies.
- *Usually have brown or black bands down their backs and are yellowish in color.
- *Eyes have elliptical pupils (cat-like).

's four native venomous Copperhead, Timber rattlesnake, Cottonmouth, and ptical eyes. This is not always a



Eastern Hognose

Heterodon platirhinos

- *Adults range from 18 to 45 inches long. *Often found in woodlands with dry sandy
- *Most recognizeable by an upturned snout as seen in the image to the right. *Colors vary from greenish, gray, brown, black,
- orange, reddish, and may or may not have distinct contrasting blotches or patterns. *When threatened, this snake flattens its neck
- and brings its head up off the ground, sometimes resembling a venomous snake like tge timber rattlesnake. *Eyes have round pupils.

